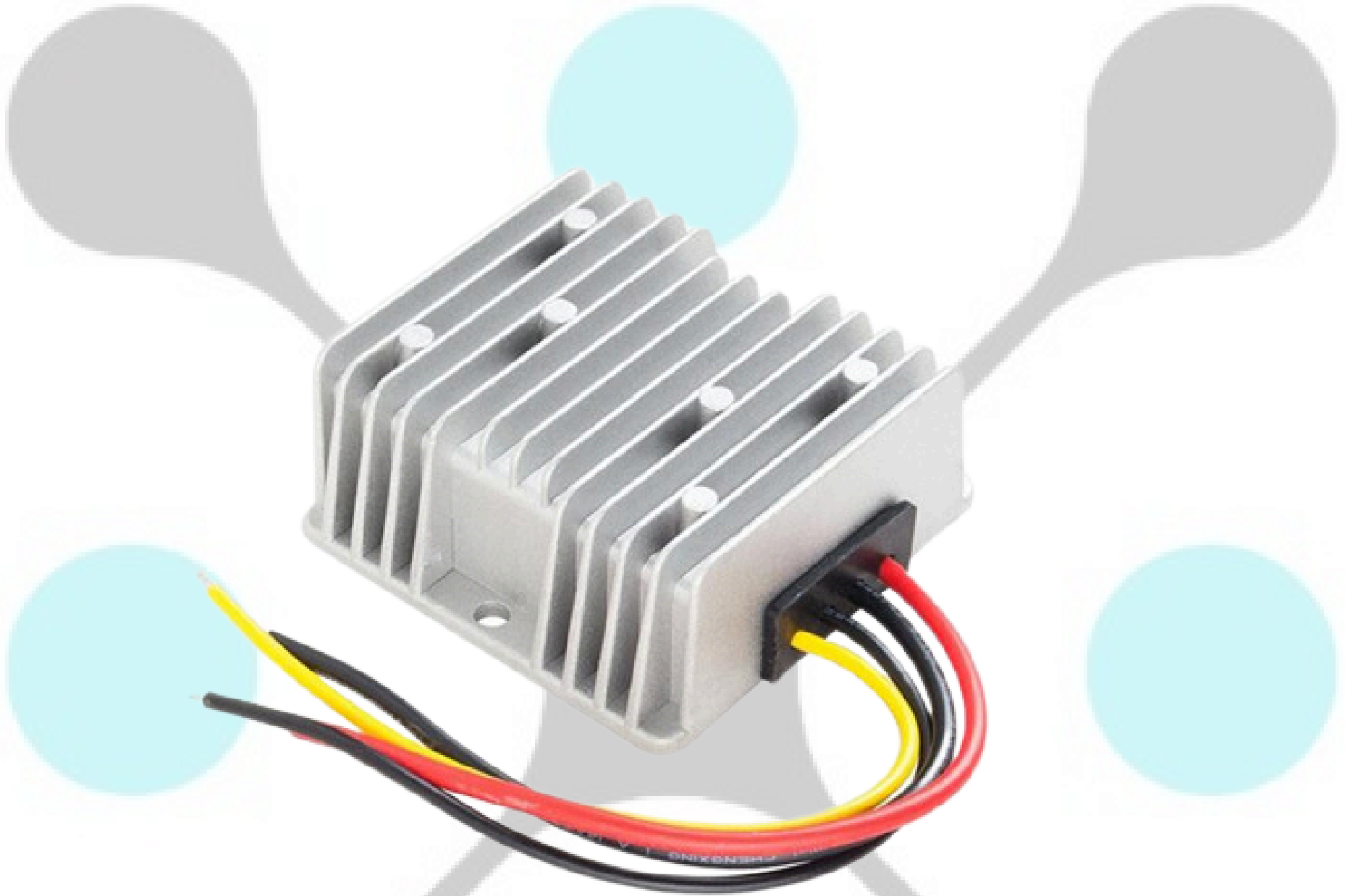


Input Voltage	Output voltage	Output current	Output Power	Efficiency	Dimension
10-23V	24V	10A	240W	96%	74*74*32mm



The RW-933-12-24V-240W is a Non-isolated DC-DC converter that uses a synchronous rectification technology, and features high efficiency and power density. It has the dimensions of 74mm x 74mm x 32mm (2.91 in. x 2.91 in. x 1.26 in) and provides the rated output voltage of 24 V and the maximum output current of 10A.

Features

- Design meeting RoHS / CE
- High efficiency: 96% (@ 12Vin, 25°C)
- Import materials, high reliability
- 100% full load burn-in test
- Support -40 °C environment
- Advanced switch mode design
- 3 month warranty
- Epoxy potting, waterproof protection
- Mount in almost any location
- Cooling by free air convection

Applications

- Industrial
- Alternative Energy
- Golf Cart
- Forklift
- Electromotor
- Telecommunications
- Boat & Yacht
- Medical
- LED Marketplaces
and so on

Model naming method

RW-933-12-24V-240W

RW-933 : SKU NAME
12: Input voltage range
24V: Output voltage
60W : POWER

Datasheet

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Remakrs
Absolute maximum ratings					
Operating ambient temperature	-40	-	+50	°C	
Shell ambient temperature	-40	-	83	°C	
Storage temperature	-55	-	100	°C	
Operating humidity	5	-	95	%	Non-condensing
Atmospheric pressure	62	-	106	kpa	
Altitude	-	-	4000	m	
Cooling way	-	-	-		Natural cooling
Input characteristics					
Input voltage	10	12	23	V	
Max. input voltage	-	-	24	V	Continuous
Undervoltage shutdown	9.0	9.2	9.6	V	Automatic recovery
Undervoltage recovery	10.0	10.4	11.0	V	Automatic recovery
Max. input current	-	-	26	A	Vin =10V; Iout =10A
No load current	-	50	100	mA	Vin =12V
Positive electrode cable	14	-	-	AWG	If the wire length is greater than 50cm, it is recommended to use a thicker wire diameter.
Negative electrode cable	14	-	-	AWG	

Enable PIN cable	-	NA	-	AWG	If the unit with this function
Fuse	-	30	-	A	Input positive has built-in fuse
Output characteristics					
Efficiency	-	96	-	%	Vin =12V; Iout =10A
Output voltage	23.8	24.2	24.4	V	Vin =12V; Iout =10A
Regulator accuracy	-	±5	-	%	
Voltage regulation	-	±3	-	%	
Load Regulation	-	±3	-	%	
Overvoltage protection	-	NA	-	V	
Output current	0	-	10	A	
Overcurrent protection	14	15	16	A	Vin=12V
External capacitance	-	NA	-	µF	Don't need
Output ripple and noise	-	220	350	mVp-p	Vin =10-23V; Iout=10A, Oscilloscope bandwidth: 20 MHz
Output voltage risetime	-	7	12	mS	
Boot delay time	-	15	20	mS	
Out voltage overshoot	-	-	5	%	Vin =12V, 50%-75%Load step
Over temperatur protection	-	-	85	°C	Shell test

Short circuit protection	-	NO	-		Boost Converter Output can't <u>shorted</u>
Positive electrode cable	16	-	-	AWG	If the wire length is greater than 50cm, it is recommended to use a thicker wire diameter
Negative electrode cable	16	-	-	AWG	
Safety and EMC features					
Anti-electric Strength	Input to Output	-	V	Leakage current \leq 3.5mA, 1min, no breakdown, no arcing	
	Input to Shell	≥ 500	V		
	Output to Shell	≥ 500	V		
Insulation resistance	Input to Output	≥ 50	M Ω	Test voltage = 500V	
	Input to Shell				
	Output to Shell				
Other characteristics					
Weight	≤ 290	g			
Package	white box				
MTBF	$\geq 200,000$	H	Vin= 12V; Iout= 10A		
Switching frequency	100 \pm 10	KHz			

Characteristic Curves

Conditions: $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}(77^\circ\text{F})$, $V_{in} = 48\text{V}$, $V_{out} = 12\text{V}$, unless otherwise specified.

Figure 1, Efficiency

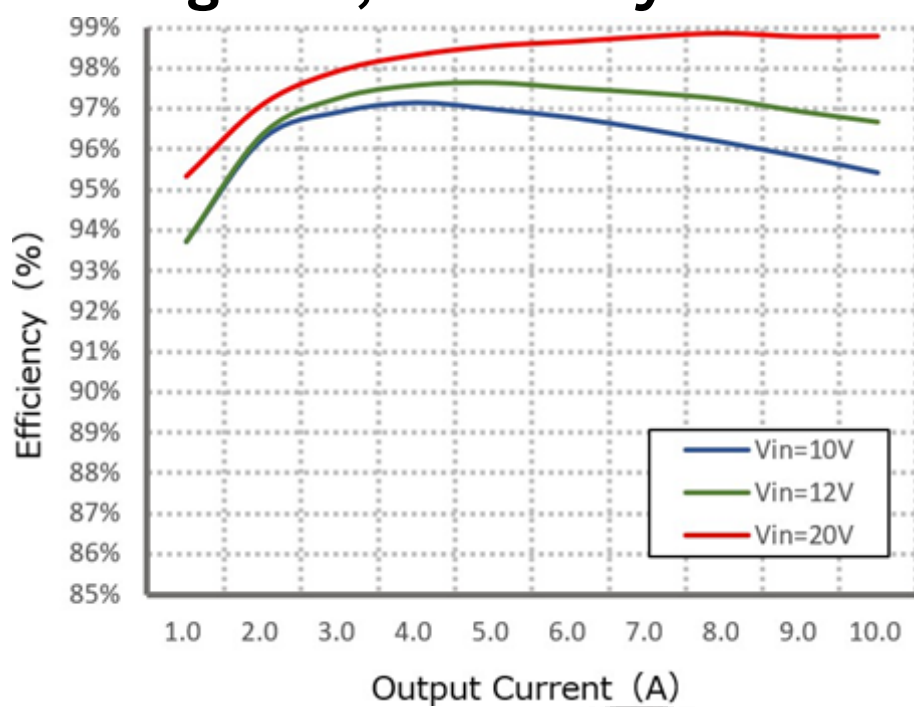


Figure 2, Power dissipation

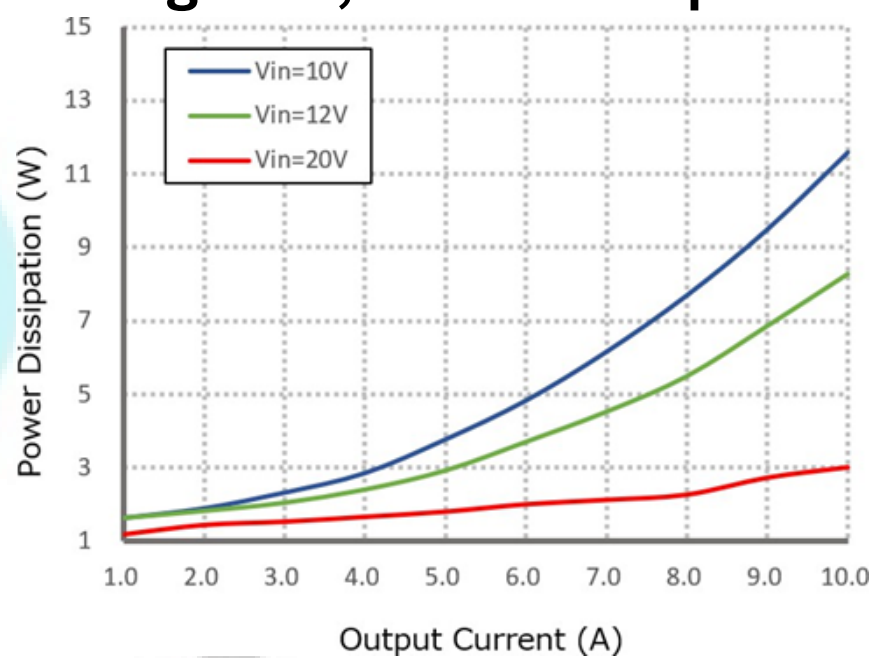
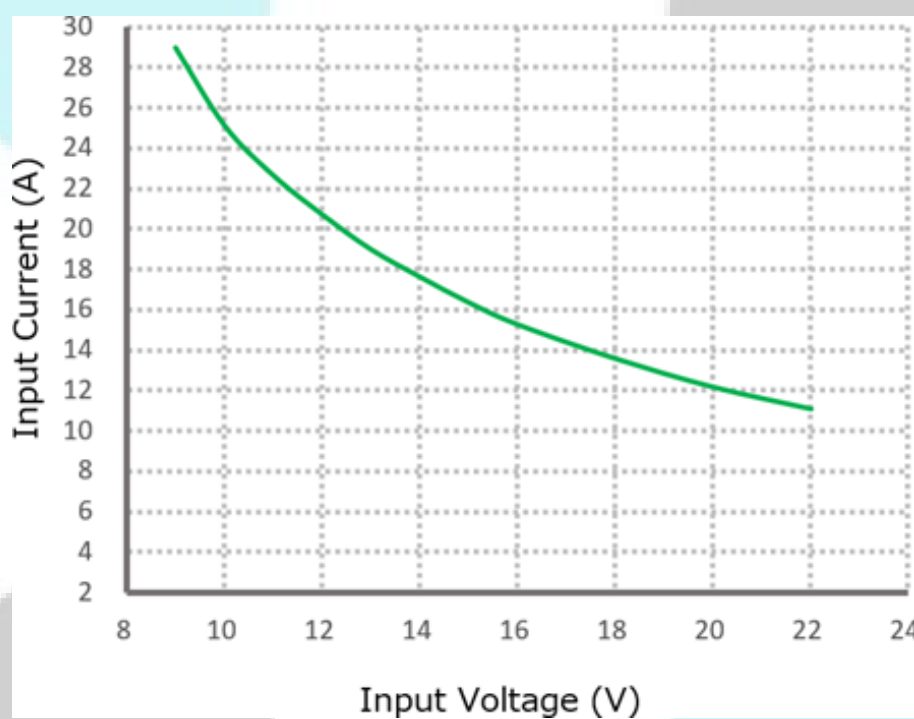


Figure 3, Input V-I, Iout=5A



Typical Waveforms

Conditions: TA = 25°C (77°F), Vin = 12V, unless otherwise specified.

Figure 4, 25% - 50% load dynamic

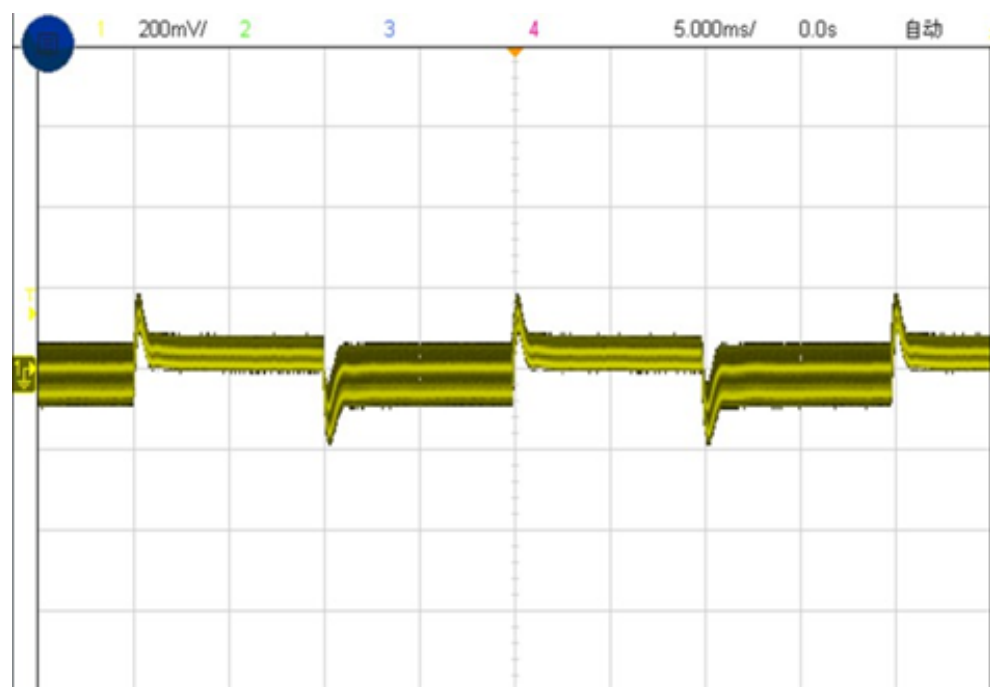


Figure 5, 50% - 75% load dynamic

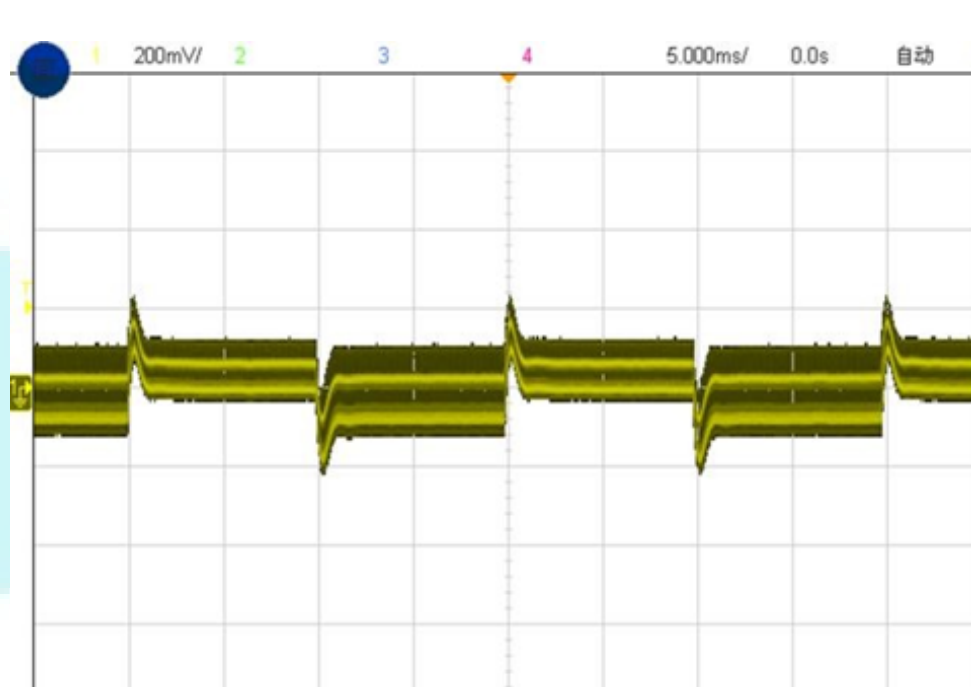


Figure 6, Output voltage established (Iout = 10A)

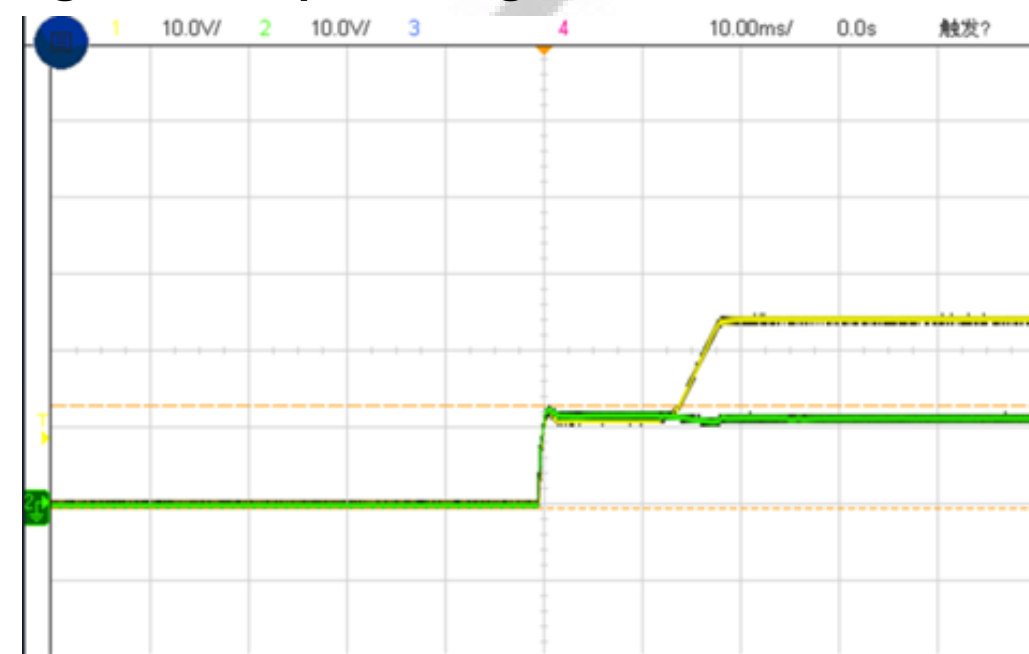
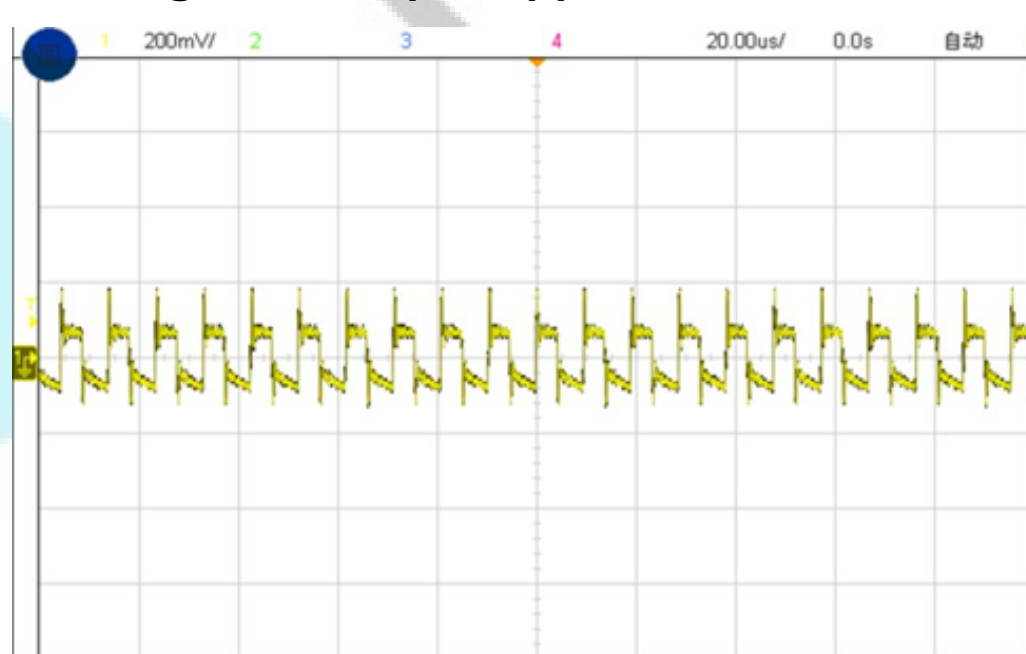


Figure 7, Output ripple & noise (Iout = 10A)



Feature Description

Remote On/Off (EN) (Optional)

Logic Enable	Low level (0-10Vdc)	High level (10-23Vdc)	Left open
positive logic	Off	On	Off

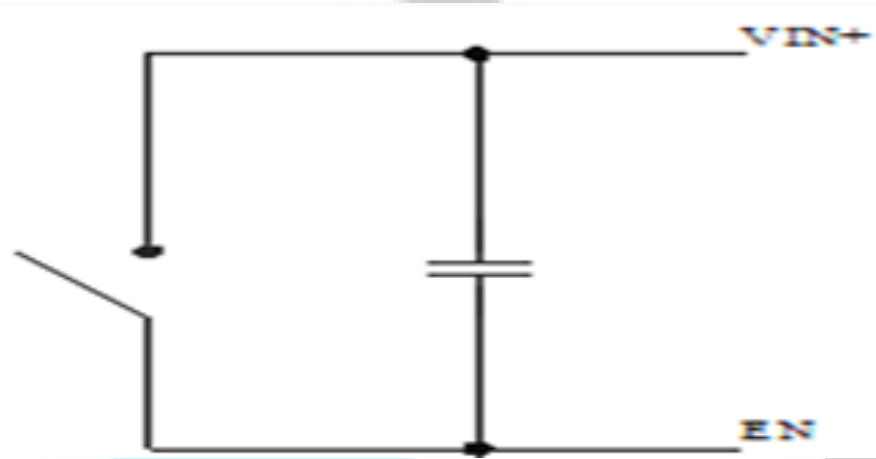
Input Undervoltage Protection

The converter will shut down after the input voltage drops below the under-voltage protection threshold for shutdown. The converter will start to work again after the input voltage reaches the input under voltage protection threshold for startup. For the Hysteresis, see the Protection characteristics.

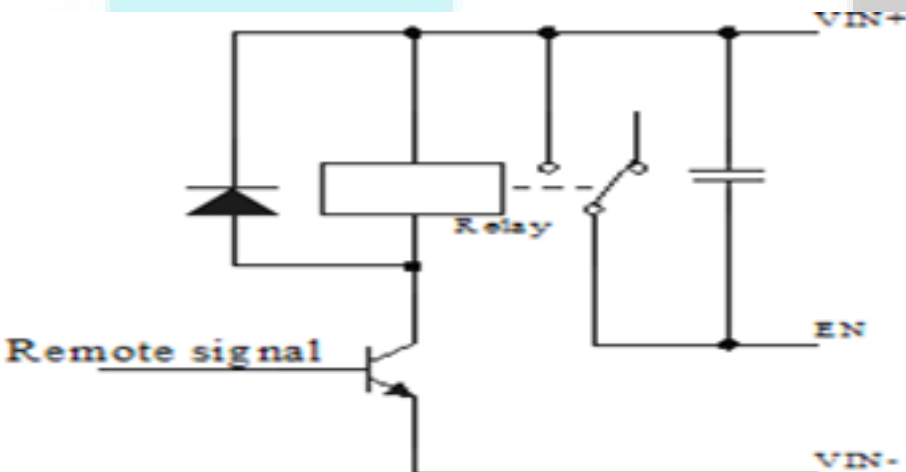
Various circuits for driving the EN

Output Overcurrent Protection

The converter equipped with current limiting circuitry can provide protection from an output overload or short circuit condition. If the output current exceeds the output overcurrent protection set point, the converter enters hiccup mode. When the fault condition is removed, the converter will automatically restart.



Simple control



Transistor control

Wiring Instructions

The input and output of this product is terminals. The user should ensure that the input and output wires and terminals are connected reliably, and pay attention to the wire diameter to meet the requirements of the power supply current. If the cable to be used is long, it needs considering the voltage drop of the wire, if the voltage drop is too large, the voltage output at the load end may not meet the load demand. In this case, consider using a thicker wire diameter or reducing the length of the wire. Generally, if long wiring is required, long line should be used on the side where the current is relatively small. For example, this product is a step-down product, so long lines should be used on the input side.

Thermal Consideration

Sufficient airflow should be provided to help ensure reliable operating of the RW-933-12-24V-240W

Therefore, thermal components are mounted on the top surface of the RW-933-12-24V-240W to dissipate heat to the surrounding environment by conduction, convection, and radiation. Proper airflow can be verified by measuring the temperature at the middle of the base plate

