



Input Voltage	Output voltage	Output current	Output Power	Efficiency	Dimenssion
10-20V	24V	40A	960W	96.8%	140*120*42.5mm



The RW-1212-12-24V-960W is a Non-isolated DC-DC converter that uses a synchronous rectification technology, and featureshigh efficiency and power density. Ithas the dimensions of 140mm x 120mm x 42.5mm (5.51 in. x 4.72 in. x 1.67 in) and provides the rated output voltage of 24V and the maximum output current of 40A.





RW-1212-12-24V-960W

Features

- Design meeting RoHS / CE
- High efficiency: 96.8%(@ 12Vin, 25°C)
- Non-isolated between inputand output
- OT, OL, LV protections
- Support -40 °C environment
- 100% full stable current output
- 3 month warranty
- Waterproof level IP67
- 100% full load burn-in test

Applications

- Industrial
- Alternative Energy
- Golf Cart
- Forklift
- Electromotor
- Telecommunications
- Boat & Yacht
- Medical
- LED Marketplaces and so on

Model naming method

RW-1212-12-24V-960W

RW-1212: SKU NAME 12: Input voltage range 24V: Output voltage 960W: POWER







Datasheet

Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Remakrs	
Absolute maximum ratings						
Operating ambient temperature	-40	-	+55	°C		
Shell ambient temperature	-40	-	80	°C		
Storage temperature	-55	,	100	°C		
Operating humidity	5	-	95	%	Non-condensing	
Atmospheric pressure	62	-	106	kpa		
Altitude		-	4000	m		
Cooling way	-	-	-		Natural cooling	
Input characteristics						
Input voltage	10	12	20	v		
Max. input voltage	-	-	23	v	Continuous	
Undervoltage shutdown	9.0	9.5	10.0	v	Automatic recovery	
Undervoltage recovery	10.0	10.5	11.0	v	Automatic recovery	
Max. input current	-	-	92	А	Vin =10V; lout =40A	
No load current	-	25	100	mA	Vin =12V	
Positive electrode cable	6	-	-	AWG	If the wire length is greater than	
Negative electrode cable	6	-	-	AWG	50cm, it is recommended to use a thicker wire diameter.	







Enable PIN cable	-	NA	-	AWG	If the product has this feature	
Fuse	-	115	-	А	Input positive has built- in fuse	
Output characteristics						
Efficiency	-	96.8	-	%	Vin =12V;	
Output voltage	23.7	24.0	24.4	V	Vin =12V; lout =40A	
Regulator accuracy	-	±3	-	%		
Voltage regulation	-	±3	-	%		
Load Regulation		±2	-	%		
Overvoltage protection	-	NA	-	v		
Output current	0	-	40	A	Vin =10-20V	
Overcurrent protection	48	58	65	А	Vin=12V	
External capacitance	L	NA	-	μ	Don't need	
Output ripple and noise	-	350	950	mVp-p	Vin =10-20V; lout=40A, Oscilloscope bandwidth: 20 MHz	
Output voltage risetime	-	620	800	mS		
Boot delay time	-	630	800	mS		
Out voltage overshoot	-	-	5	%	Vin =12V, 50%-75%Load step	
Over temperatur protection	-	-	98	°C	Shell temperature	







Short circuit protection	-	NO	-		Boost converter can'tshort circuit foroutput		
Positive electrode cable	10	-	-	AWG	If the wire length is greater than 50cm, it is		
Negative electrode cable	10	-	-	AWG	recommended to use a thicker wire diameter		
Safety and EMC features							
	Input to Output		-	V	Leakage current ≤		
Anti-electric Strength	Input to Shell		≥500	V	3.5mA, 1min, no breakdown, no		
	Output to Shell		≥500	V	arcing		
	Input to Output						
Insulation resistance	Input to Shell		≥10	MΩ	Test voltage = 500V		
	Output to Shell						
Other characteristics							
Weight	≤ 1.2		kg				
Package	white box						
MTBF	≥200,000		н	Vin= 12V; lout= 40A			
Switching frequency	100±10		KHz				

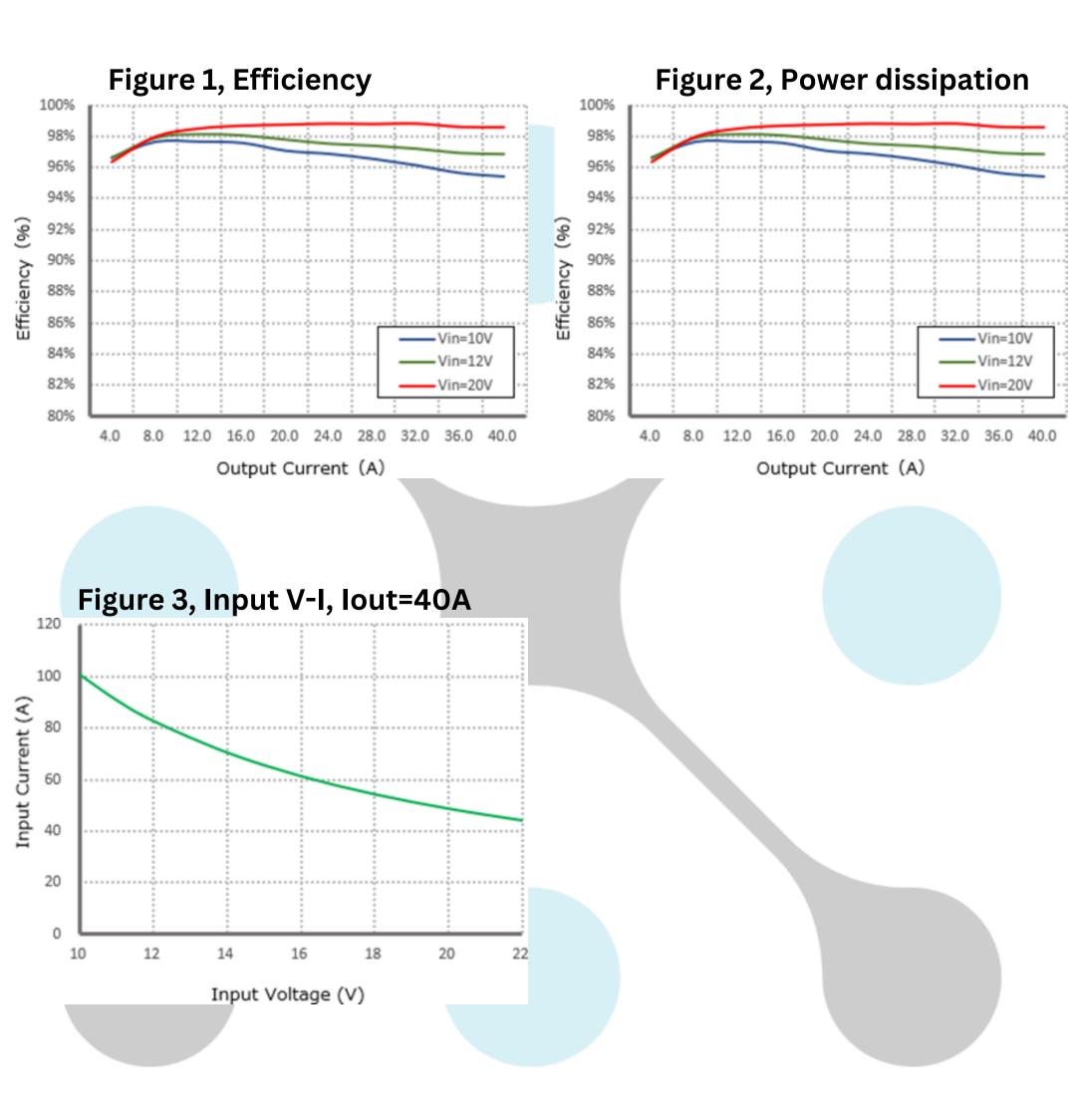




RW-1212-12-24V-960W

Characteristic Curves

Conditions: TA = 25°C (77°F), Vin = 12V, Vout = 24V, unless otherwise specified.







Typical Waveforms

Conditions: TA = 25°C (77°F), Vin = 12V, unless otherwise specified.

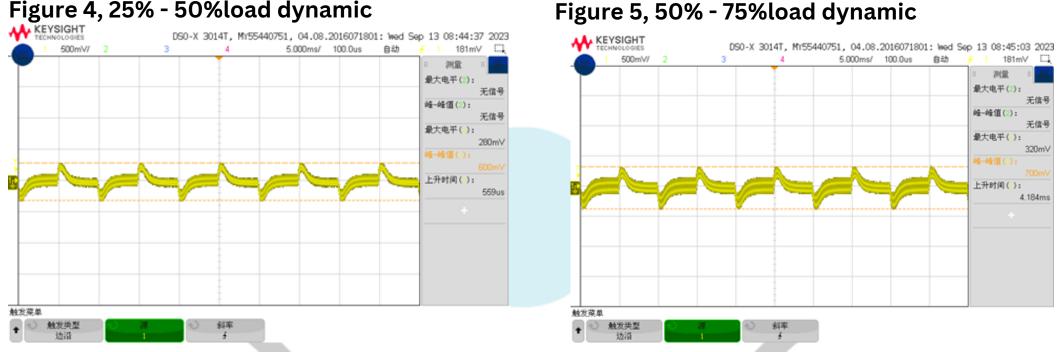
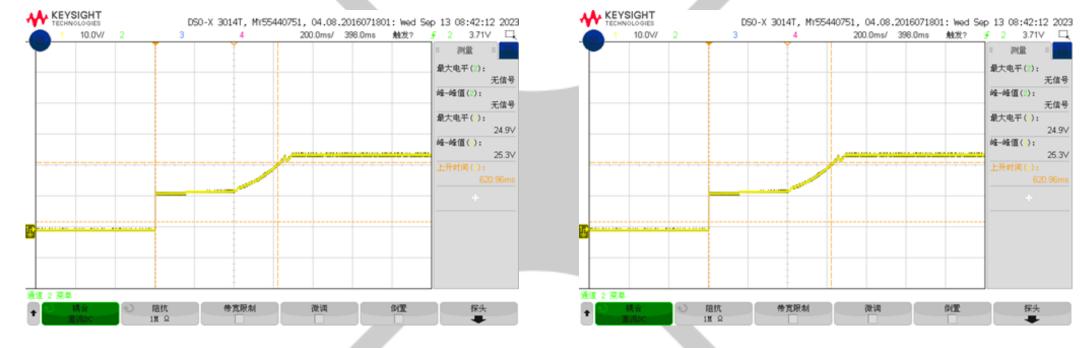


Figure 4, 25% - 50%load dynamic

Figure 6, Output voltageestablished (Iout = 40A) Figure 7, Output ripple& noise (Iout = 40A)



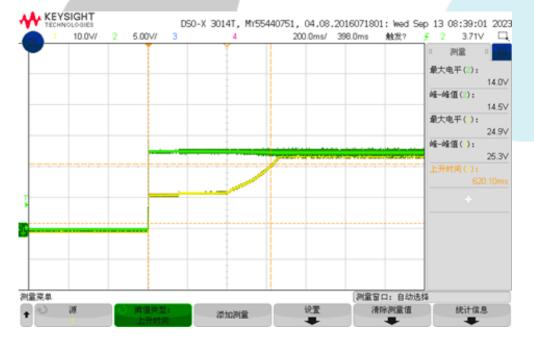


Figure 8, Boot delay time (lout = 40A)





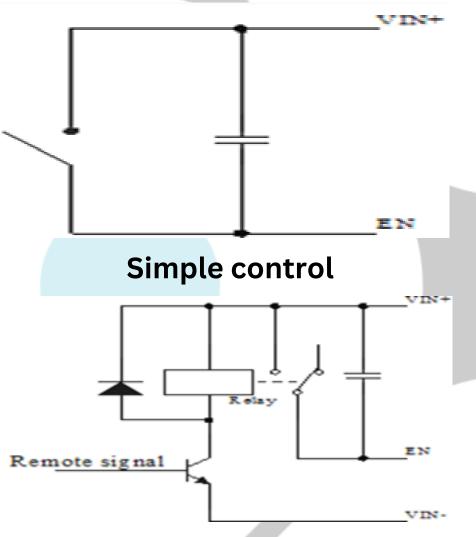
RW-1212-12-24V-960W

Feature Description

Remote On/Off (EN) (Optional)

Logic Enable			Left open
positive lolgic	Off	On	Off

Various circuits for driving the EN



Input Undervoltage Protection

The converter will shut down after the input voltage drops below the under-voltage protection threshold for shutdown. The converter will start to work again after the input voltage reaches the input under voltage protection threshold for startup.For the Hysteresis, see

the Protection characteristics.

Output Overcurrent Protection

The converter equipped with current limiting circuitry can provideprotection from an output overloador short circuit condition. If the output current exceeds the output overcurrent protection set point, the converter enters hiccup mode. When the fault condition is removed, the converter will automatically restart

Wiring Instructions

The input and output of this product is terminals. The user should ensure that the input and output

Transistor control

Overtemperature Protection

A temperature sensor on the converter senses the average temperature of the module. It protects the converter from being damaged at high temperatures. When the temperature exceeds the over temperature protection threshold, the output will shut down. It will allow the converter to turn on again when the temperature of the sensed location falls by the value of Over temperature Protection Hysteresis wires and terminals are connected reliably, and pay attention to the wire diameterto meet the requirements of the power supply current. If the cable to be used is long, it needs Considering the voltage drop of the wire, if the voltage drop is too large,the voltage output at the load end may not meet the load demand. In this case, consider usinga thicker wire diameter or reducing the length of the wire. Generally, if long wiring is required. Long line should be used on the side wherethe current is relatively small. For example, this product is a stepdown product, so long lines shouldbe used on the input side





RW-1212-12-24V-960W

Thermal Consideration

Sufficient airflowshould be provided to help ensure reliable operating of the RW-1212-12-24V-960W Therefore, thermal components are mounted on the top surface of the RW-1212-12-24V-960W to dissipate heat to the surrounding environment by conduction, convection, and radiation. Proper airflow can be verified by measuring the temperature at the middle of the base plate.



