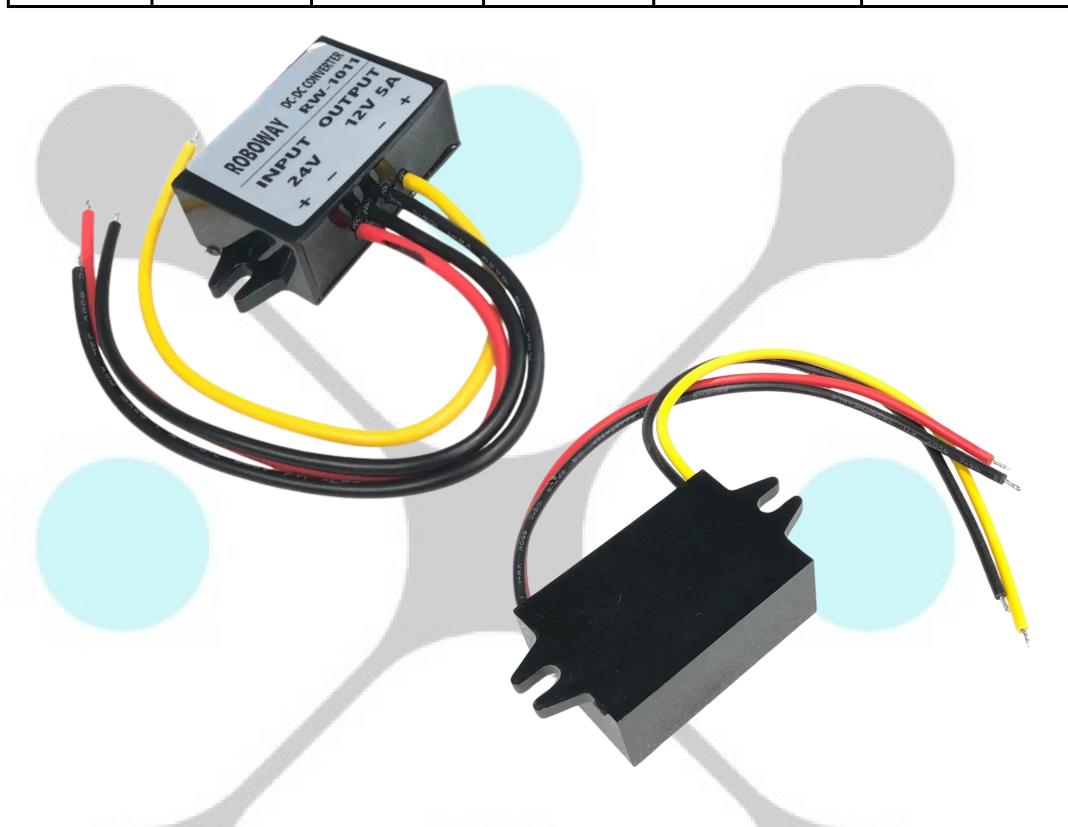


RW-1011-24-12-60W

Input Voltage	Output voltage	Output current	Output Power	Efficiency	Dimenssion
18-36V	12V	5A	60W	94.3%	63*32*18mm



The RW-1011-24-12-60W is a Non-isolated DC-DC converter that uses a synchronous rectification technology, and featureshigh efficiency and power density. It has the dimensions of $63 \text{mm} \times 32 \text{mm} \times 18 \text{mm}$ (2.48 in. x 1.26 in. x 0.71 in) and provides the rated output voltage of 12V and the maximum output current of 5A









RW-1011-24-12-60W

Features

- Design meeting RoHS / CE
- High efficiency: 94.3%(@ 24Vin, 25°C)
- Non-isolated between inputand output
- Small size, high reliability
- Support -40 °C environment
- 100% full load burn-in test
- Waterproof level IP68
- 3 month warranty
- Short circuitOver load, Low voltage protections

Applications

- Industrial
- Alternative Energy
- Golf Cart
- Cars & Forklift
- Electromotor
- Telecommunications
- Boat & Yacht
- Medical
- LED Marketplaces and so on

Model naming method

RW-1011-24-12-60W

RW-1011: SKU NAME 24: Input voltage range

12 : Output voltage

60W: POWER







RW-1011-24-12-60W

Datasheet

Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Remakrs	
Absolute maximum ratings						
Operating ambient temperature	-40		+55	°C		
Shell ambient temperature	-40	-	80	°C		
Storage temperature	-55		100	°C		
Operating humidity	5	-	95	%	Non-condensing	
Atmospheric pressure	62	-	106	kpa		
Altitude	1	-	4000	m		
Cooling way	-/	-	- /		Natural cooling	
Input characteristics						
Input voltage	18	24	36	V		
Max. input voltage	-	-	36	V	Continuous	
Undervoltage shutdown	16.3	16.5	16.7	V	Automatic recovery	
Undervoltage recovery	17.3	17.4	17.6	V	Automatic recovery	
Max. input current	- /	· .	4	A	Vin =18V; lout =5A	
No load current	-\	0.8	1	mA	Vin =24V	
Positive electrode cable	18	-	_	AWG	If the wire length is greater than 50cm, it is recommended to use a thicker wire diameter.	
Negative electrode cable	18	-	-	AWG		









RW-1011-24-12-60W

Enable PIN cable	-	NA	-	AWG	If the unit with this function
Fuse	-	10	-	Α	Input positive has built- in fuse
Output characteristics	S				
Efficiency	- /	94.3	-	%	Vin =24V; lout =5A
Output voltage	11.8	12.0	12.5	v	Vin =24V; lout =5A
Regulator accuracy	-	±2	-	%	
Voltage regulation	-	±2	-	%	
Load Regulation	1	±3	-	%	
Overvoltage protection	-\	NA	-	V	
Output current	0	-	5	Α	
Overcurrent protection	6	8	10	Α	Vin=18-36V
External capacitance	1	NA		μF	Don't need
Output ripple and noise	-	16	120	mVp-p	Vin =18-36V; lout=5A Oscilloscope bandwidth: 20 MHz
Output voltage risetime	- 📑	2.6	30	mS	
Boot delay time	-	120	200	mS	
Out voltage overshoot	-	1	2	%	Vin =24V
Over temperatur protection	-	NA	-	°C	







RW-1011-24-12-60W

Short circuit protection	-	YES	-		Long-term (4 hours)short circuit is not damaged, Hiccup mode		
Positive electrode cable	18		,	AWG	If the wire length is greater than 50cm, it is recommended to use a		
Negative electrode cable	18	-	-	AWG	thicker wire diameter		
Safety and EMC features							
	Input to Output		-	V	Leakage current ≤		
Anti-electric Strength	Input to Shell		≥500	V	3.5mA, 1min, no breakdown, no		
	Output to Shell		≥500	V	arcing		
	Input to Output		≥10	MΩ	Test voltage = 500V		
Insulation resistance	Input to Shell						
	Output to Shell						
Other characteristics							
Weight	≤ 70		g				
Package	white box						
MTBF	≥200,000		Н	Vin= 24V; lout= 5A			
Switching frequency	135±10		KHz				









RW-1011-24-12-60W

Characteristic Curves

Efficiency (%)

82%

80%

1.0

1.5

Conditions: TA = 25°C (77°F), Vin = 24V, Vout = 12V, unless otherwise specified.

Vin=36V

5.0

Figure 1, Efficiency

100%
98%
96%
94%
92%
90%
88%
86%
86%
84%

Output Current (A)

Figure 2, Power dissipation

5

Vin=18V

Vin=24V

Vin=36V

0

0.5

1.0

1.5

2.0

2.5

3.0

3.5

4.0

4.5

5.0

Output Current (A)







RW-1011-24-12-60W

Typical Waveforms

Conditions: TA = 25°C (77°F), Vin = 48V, unless otherwise specified.

Figure 4, 25% - 50%load dynamic

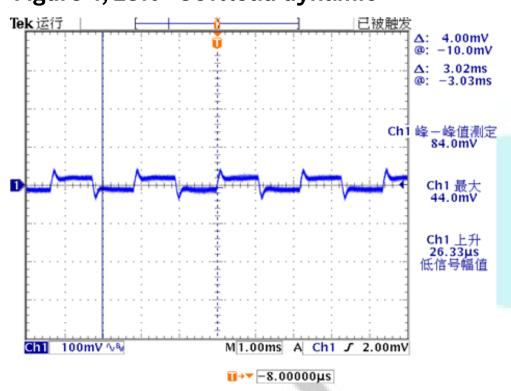


Figure 5, 50% - 75%load dynamic

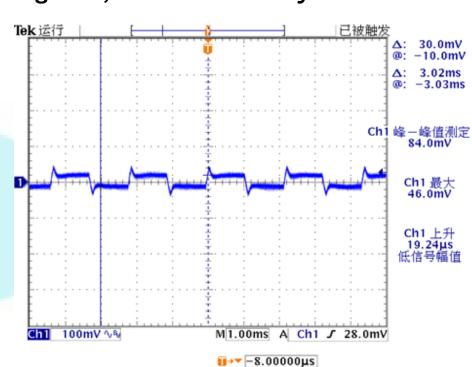


Figure 6, Output voltageestablished (lout = 5A)

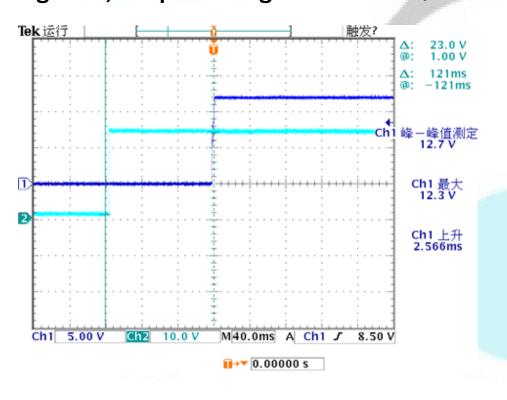
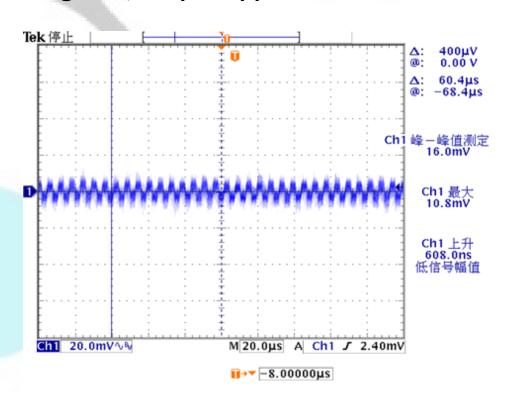


Figure 7, Output ripple& noise (lout = 5A)













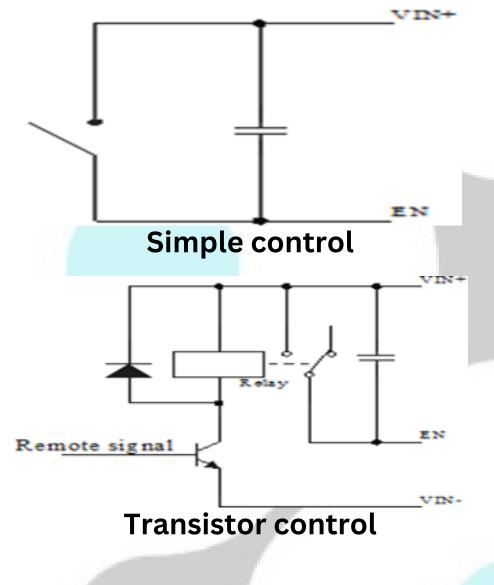
RW-1011-24-12-60W

Feature Description

Remote On/Off (EN) (Optional)

Logic Enable	Low lavel (0-18Vdc)	High lavel (18- 36Vdc)	Left open
positive lolgic	· Off I		Off

Various circuits for driving the EN



Input Undervoltage Protection

The converter will shut down after the input voltage drops below the under-voltage protection threshold for shutdown. The converter will start to work again after the input voltage reaches the input under voltage protection threshold for startup. For the Hysteresis, see

the Protection characteristics.

Output Overcurrent Protection

The converter equipped with current limiting circuitry can provide protection from an output overloador short circuit condition. If the output current exceeds the output overcurrent protection set point, the converter enters hiccup mode. When the fault condition is removed, the converter will automatically restart

Wiring Instructions

The input and output of this product is terminals. The user should ensure that the input and output wires and terminals are connected reliably, and pay attention to the wire diameterto meet the requirements of the power supply current. If the cable to be used is long, it needs Considering the voltage drop of the wire, if the voltage drop is too large, the voltage output at the load end may not meet the load demand. In this case, consider using a thicker wire diameter or reducing the length of the wire. Generally, if long wiring is required. Long line should be used on the side wherethe current is relatively small. For example, this product is a step-down product, so long

lines shouldbe used on the input side









RW-1011-24-12-60W

Thermal Consideration

Sufficient airflowshould be provided to help ensure reliable operating of the RW-1011-24-12-60W.

Therefore, thermal components are mounted on the top surface of the RW-1011-24-12-60W to dissipate heat to the surrounding environment by conduction, convection, and radiation. Proper airflow can be verified by measuring the temperature at the middle of the base plate.



